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Spring 2026

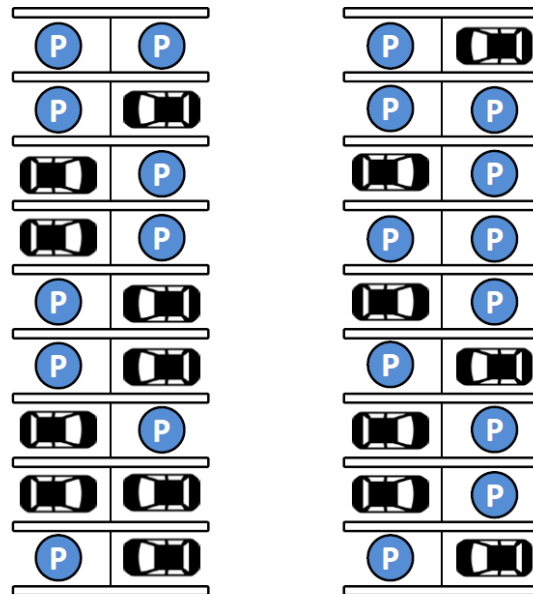
New SSDs



Key-Value SSD (KVSSD)

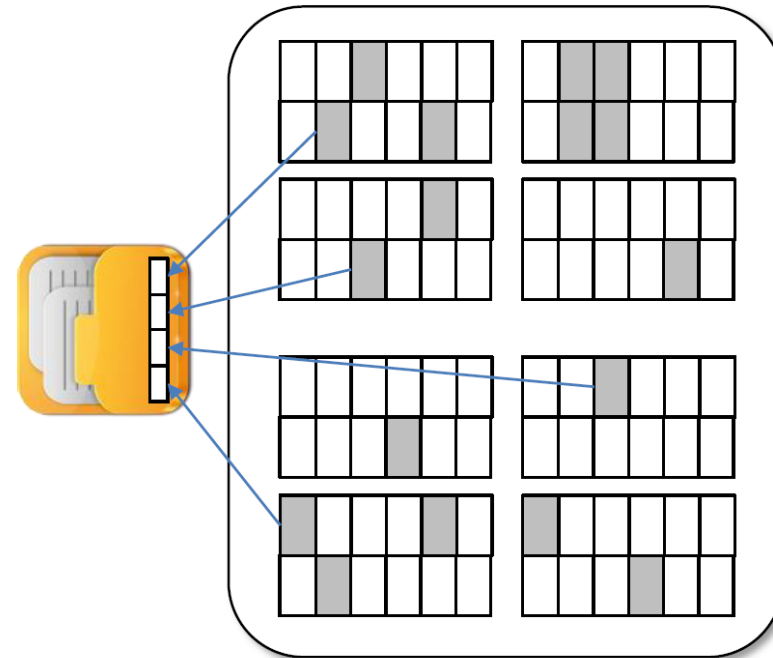
Block: Parking Lot Structure

- A driver (host) is responsible for parking (data management)



Parking Lot

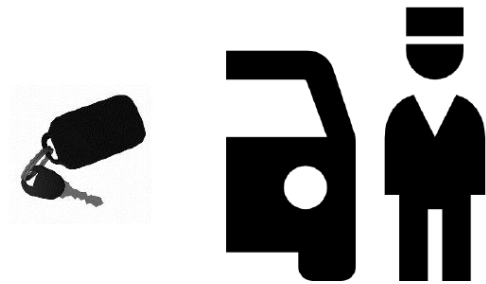
VS



Block Storage Device

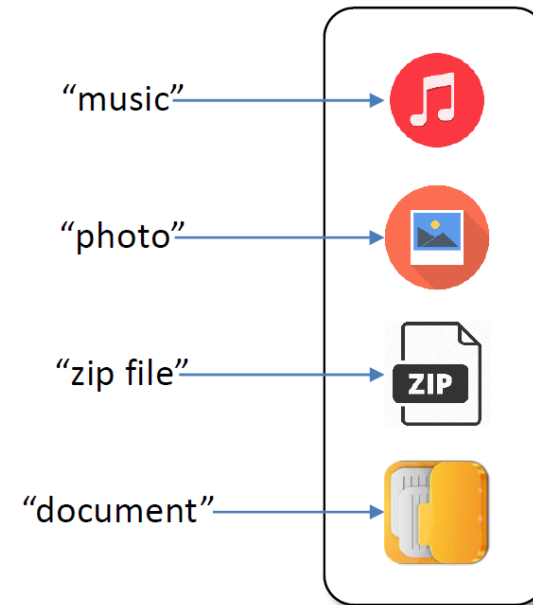
Object: Valet Parking

- A parking facility (storage) is responsible for parking (data management)



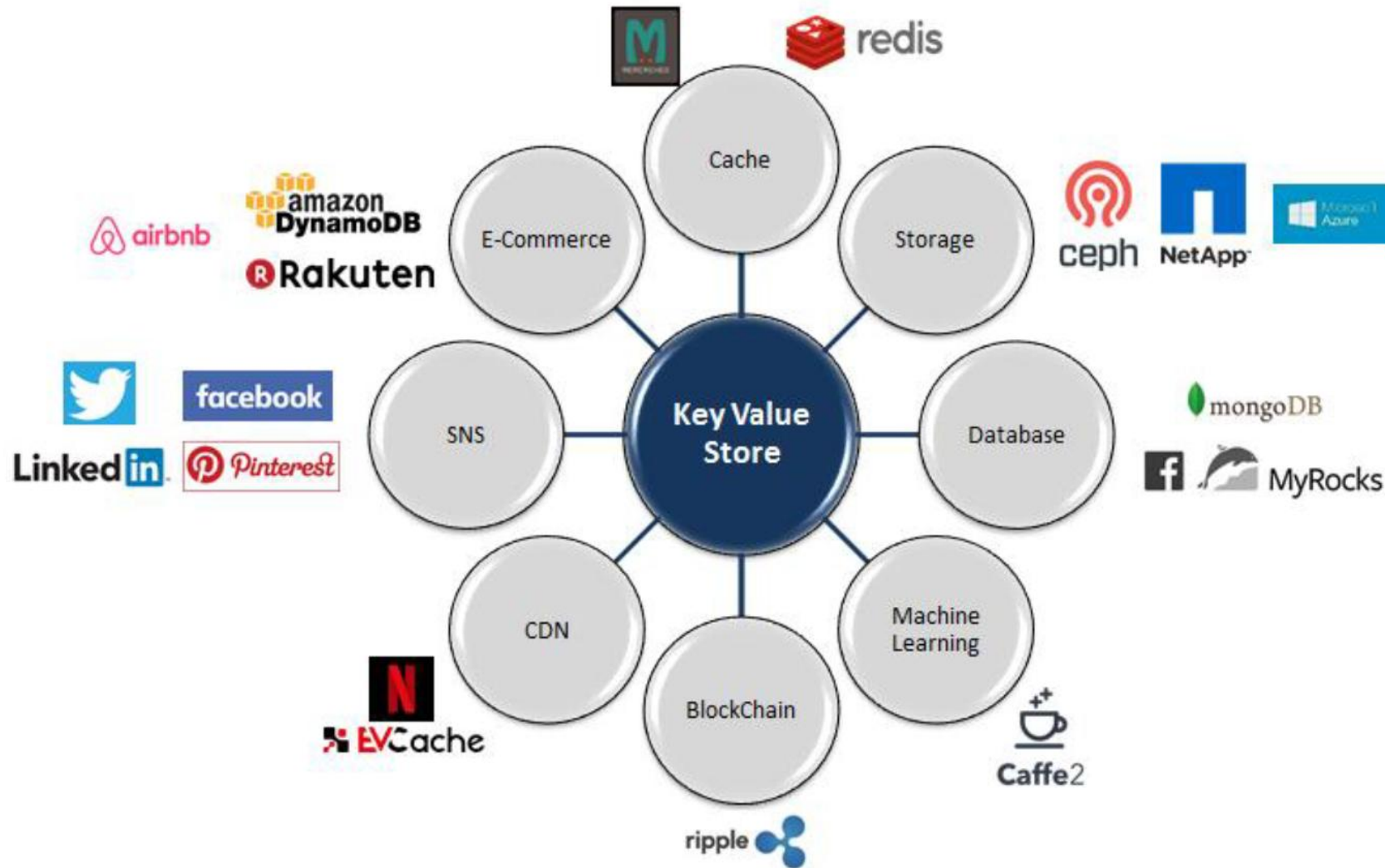
Valet Parking

VS



Object Storage Device

KV Stores Common in Systems at Scale



Standardization

- **SNIA Key Value Storage API**

- v1.0 (2019) and v1.1 (2020)
- `kvs_retrieve_kvp()`, `kvs_store_kvp()`, `kvs_delete_kvp()`, `kvs_exist_kv_pairs()`, `kvs_create_iterator()`, `kvs_iterate_next()`, `kvs_delete_iterator()`, ...
- Keys starting with a specific prefix can be retrieved using an iterator

- **NVMe Key Value Command Set Specification**

- Revision 1.0c (part of NVMe 2.0 specification, 2022)
- Store, Retrieve, Delete, Exist, List
- Key size: max 16 bytes
- The List command retrieves a list of KV keys starting at the KV key specified

RocksDB vs. KVSSD

■ RocksDB

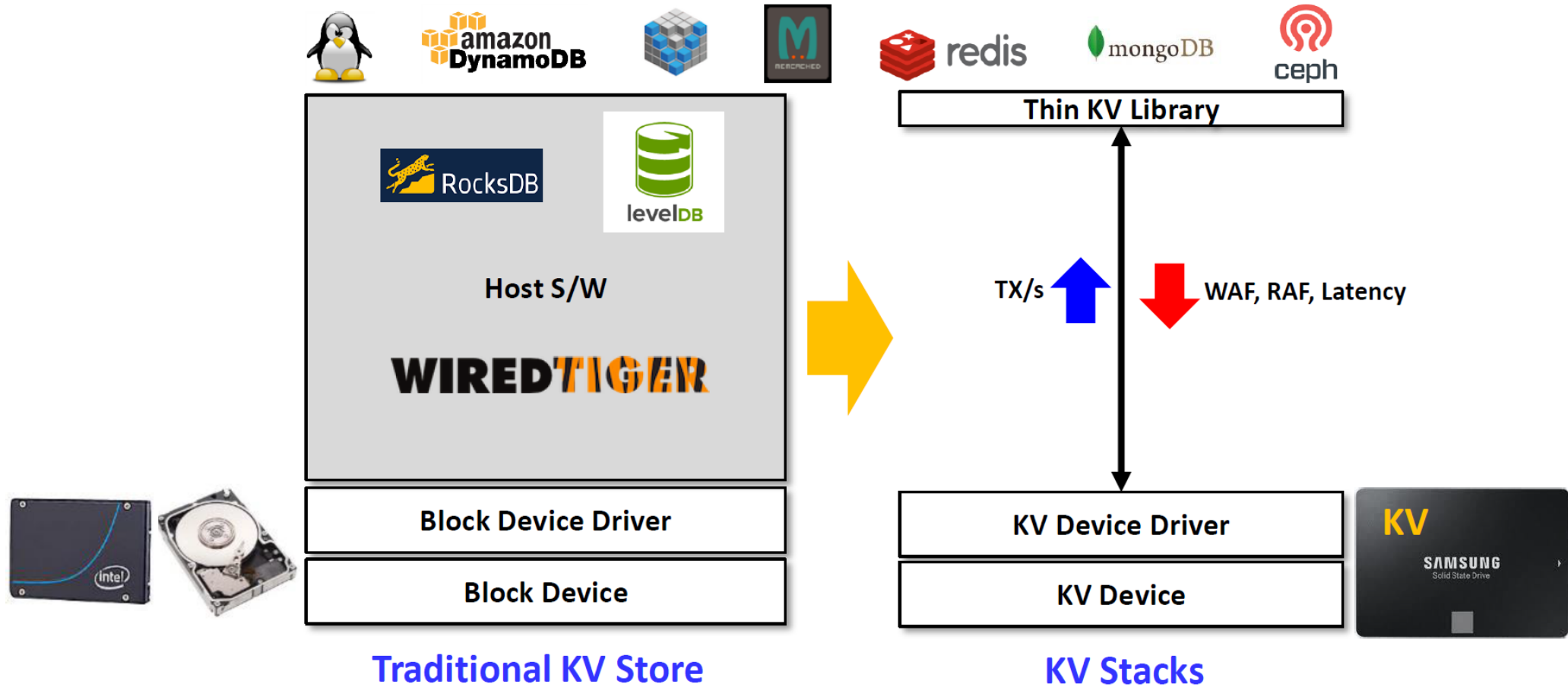
- Originated by Facebook and actively used in their infrastructure
- Most popular embedded NoSQL database
- Persistent Key-Value store
- Optimized for fast storage (e.g., SSD)
- Uses Log-Structured Merge (LSM) Tree architecture

■ KV Stacks on KVSSD

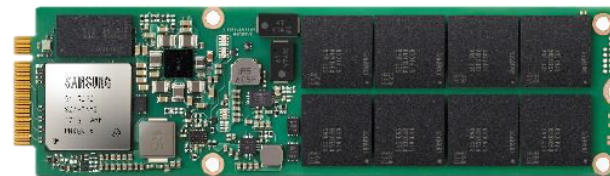
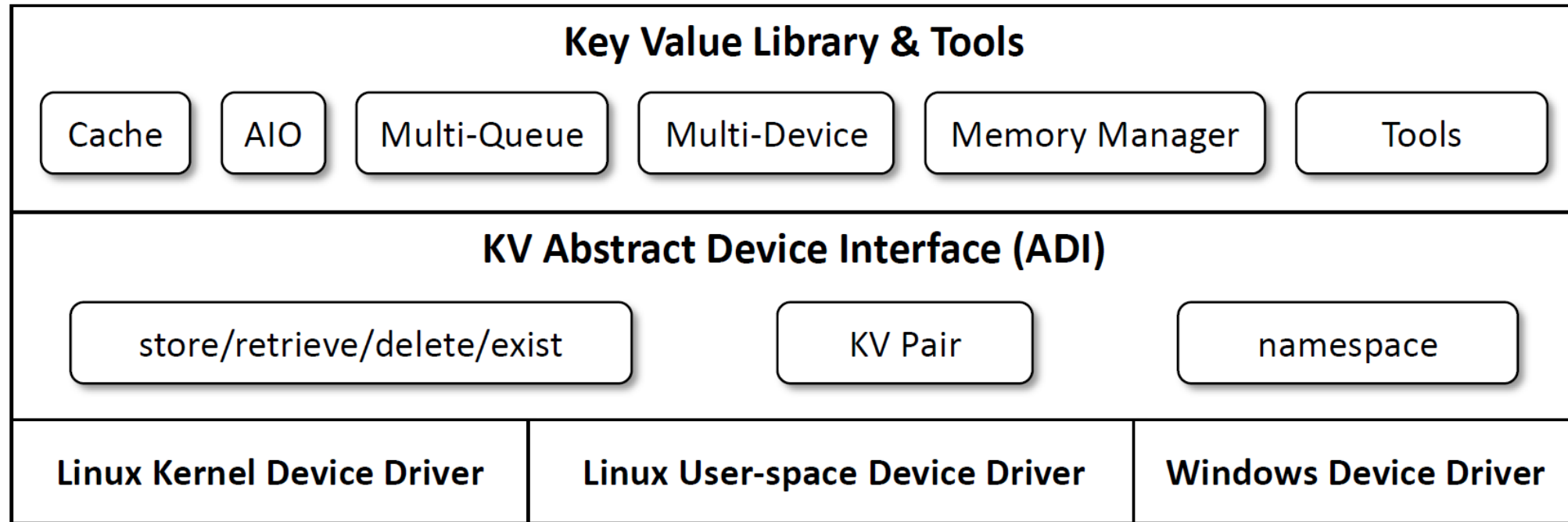
- Benchmark tool directly operates on KVSSD through KV Stacks

Key Idea

Key Value Store is everywhere!



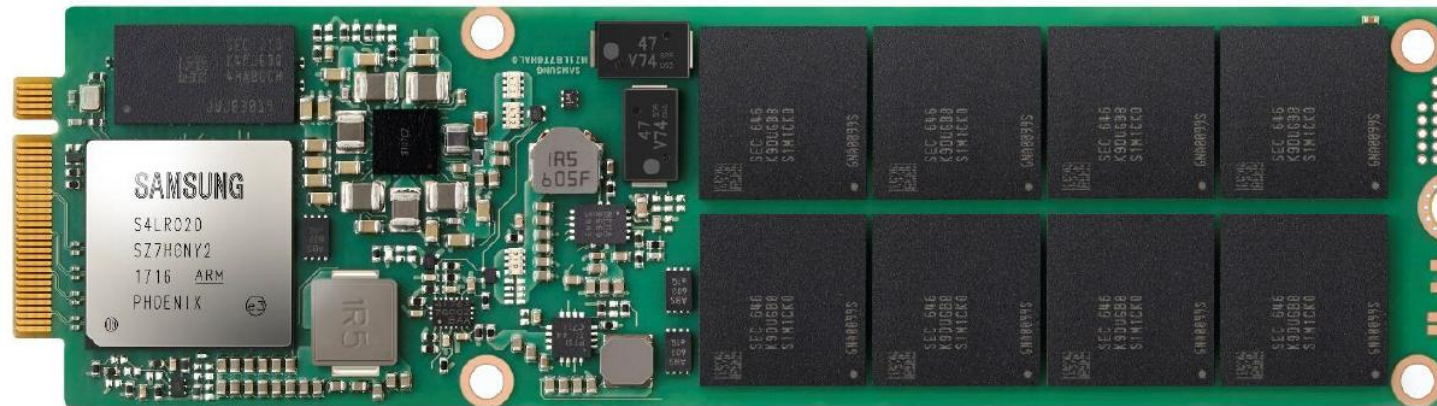
KVSSD Software Stack



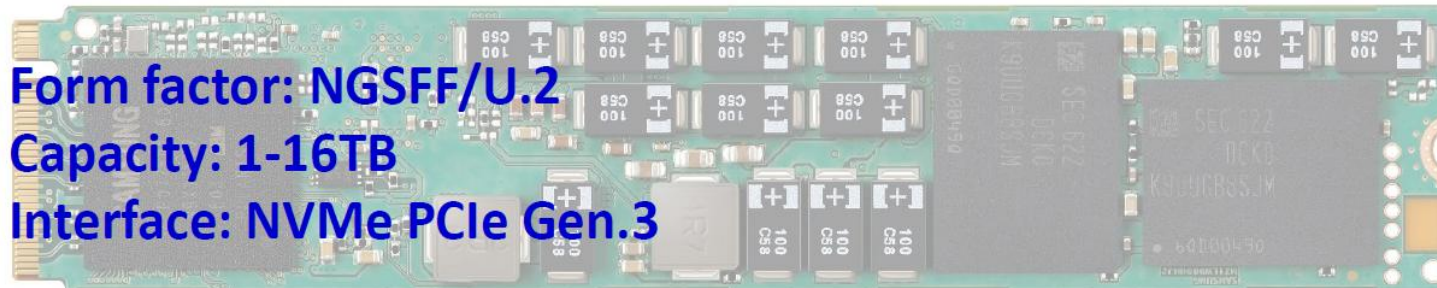
KVSSD Prototype

- Samsung KV-PM983

NGSFF KV SSD

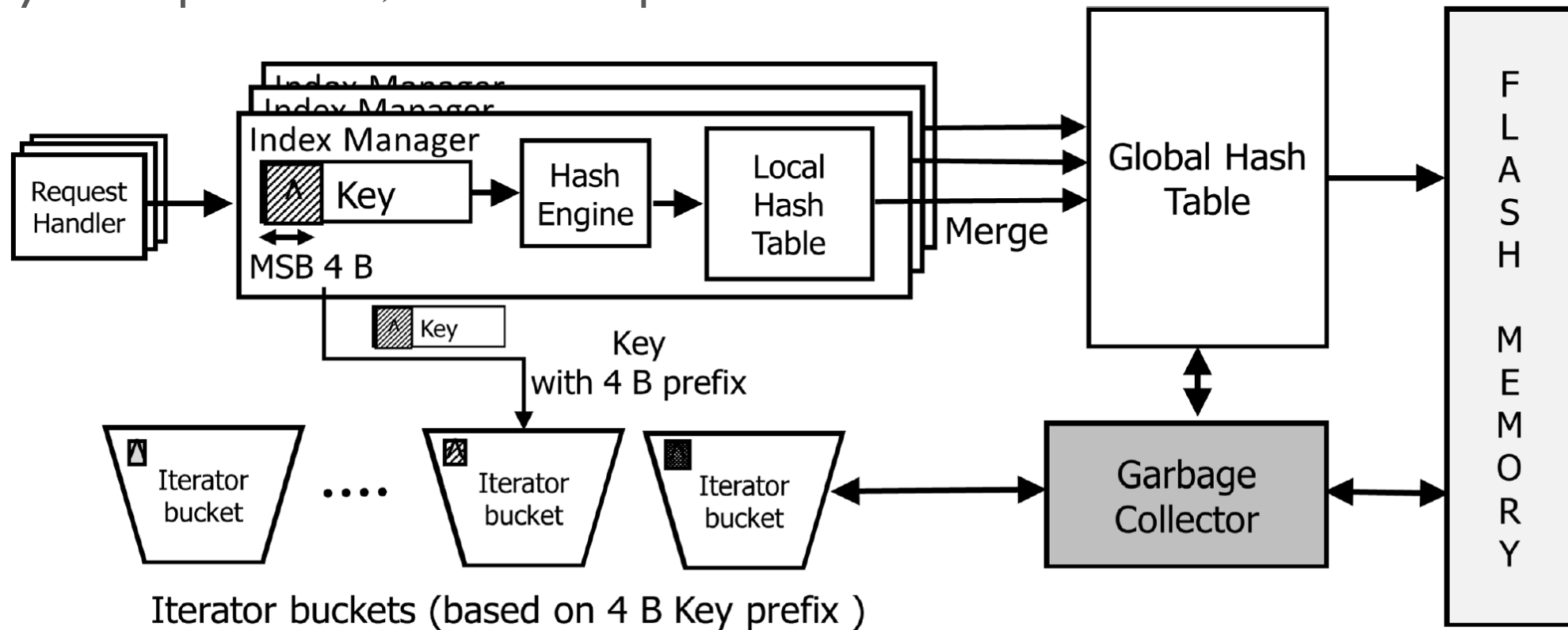


Form factor: NGSFF/U.2
Capacity: 1-16TB
Interface: NVMe PCIe Gen.3

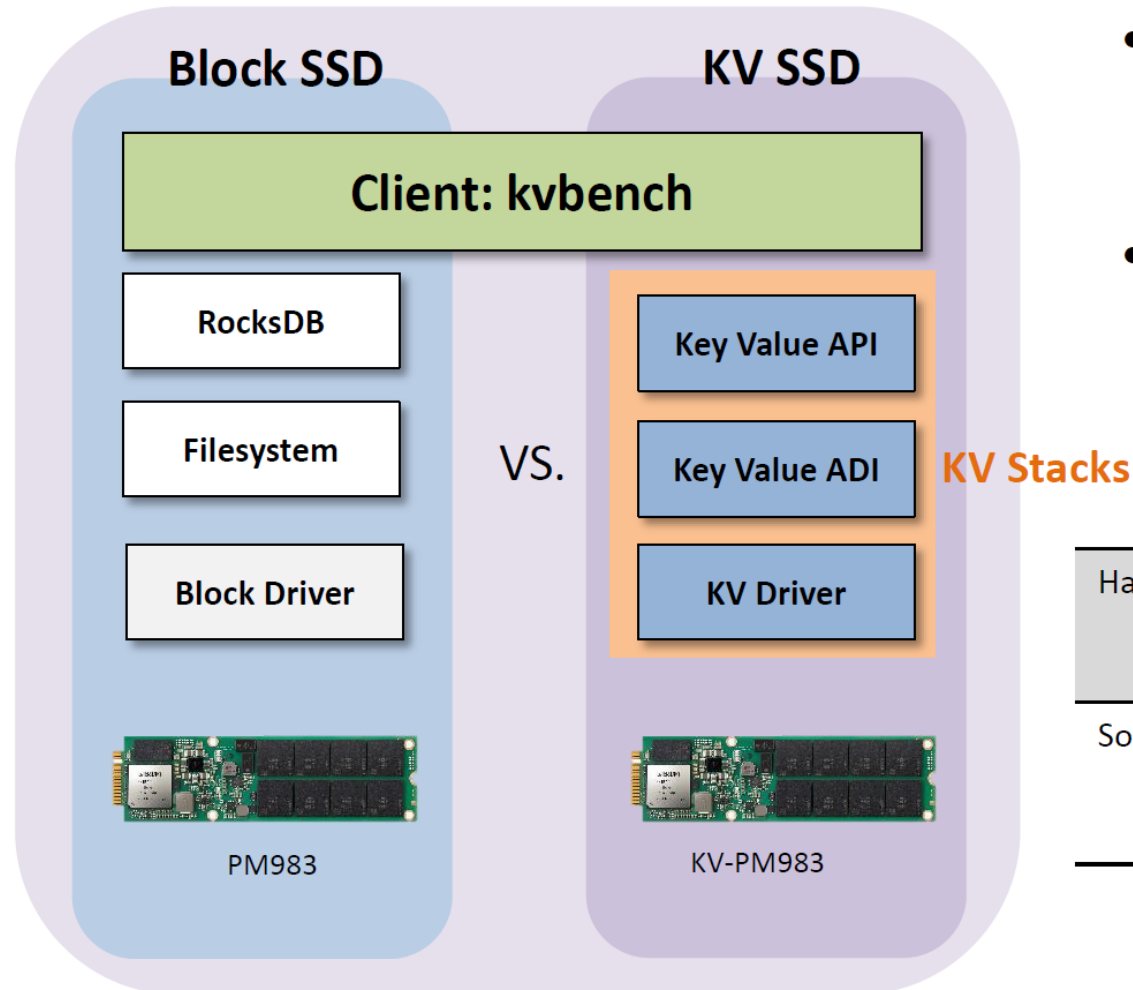


KVSSD Design

- <https://github.com/OpenMPDK/KVSSD>
 - Key size: up to 255B, Value size: up to 2MB



RocksDB vs. KVSSD: Evaluation



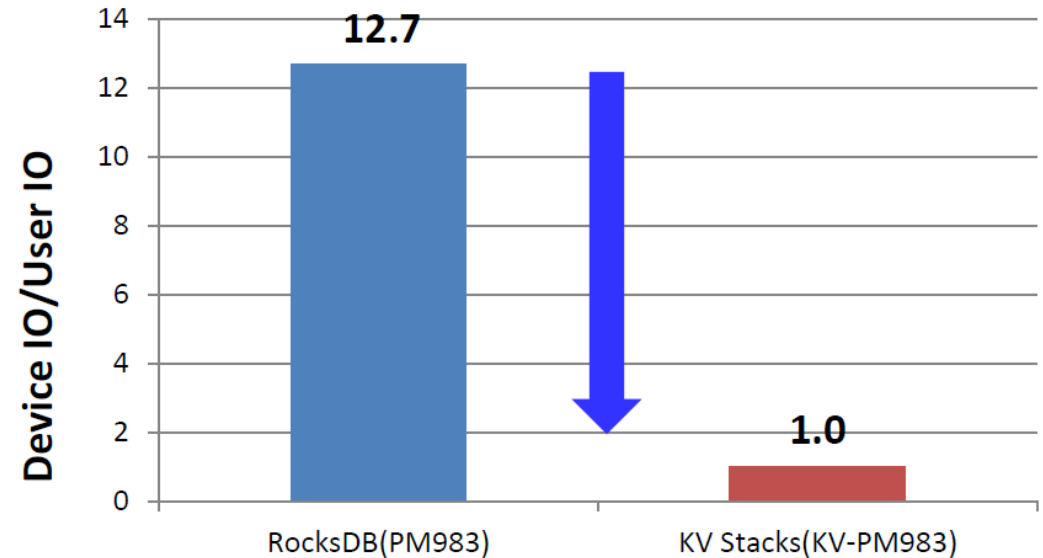
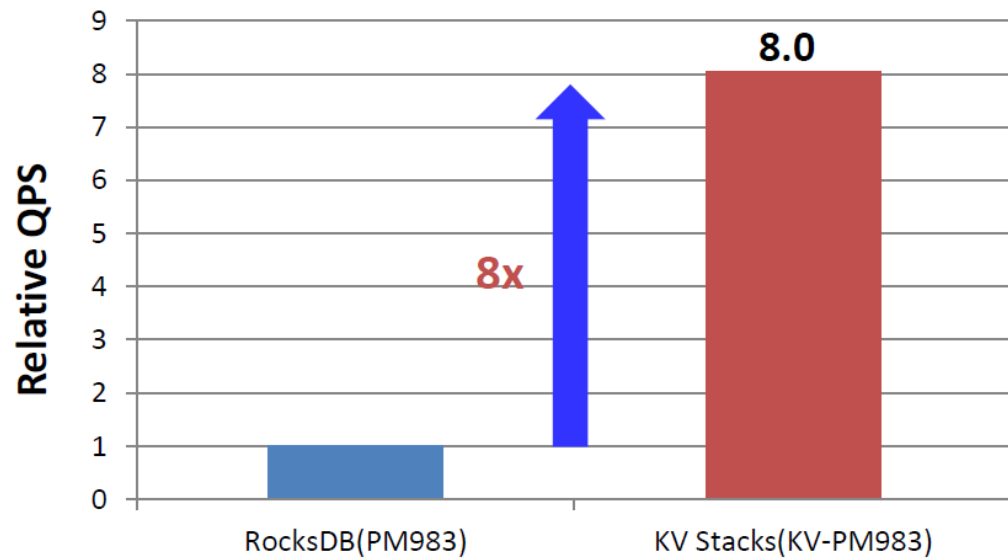
- **Better Performance**
 - Lean software stacks
 - Overhead moved to device
- **IO Efficiency**
 - Reduction of host traffic to devices

Hardware	Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2630 v3 @ 2.40GHz 96 GB RAM PM983(Block) & KV-PM983 SSD
Software	Ubuntu 16.04 RocksDB v5.0.2 on XFS 50M records, 16B Key, 4KB value

RocksDB vs. KVSSD: Results

■ Random PUT performance

- 8x more QPS (Query Per Second) with KV Stacks than RocksDB on block SSD
- 90+% less traffic goes from host to device with KV SSD than RocksDB on block device



* Workload: 100% random put, 16-byte keys of random uniform distribution, 4KB-fixed values on single PM983 and KV-PM983 in a clean state

Summary: KV-SSD

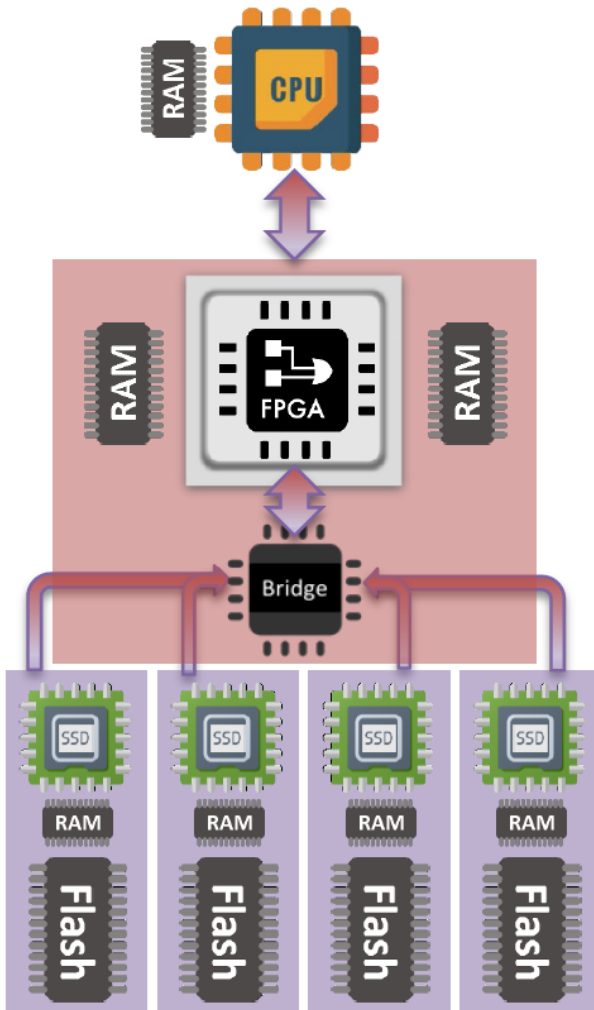
- *What's good?*

- *What's bad?*

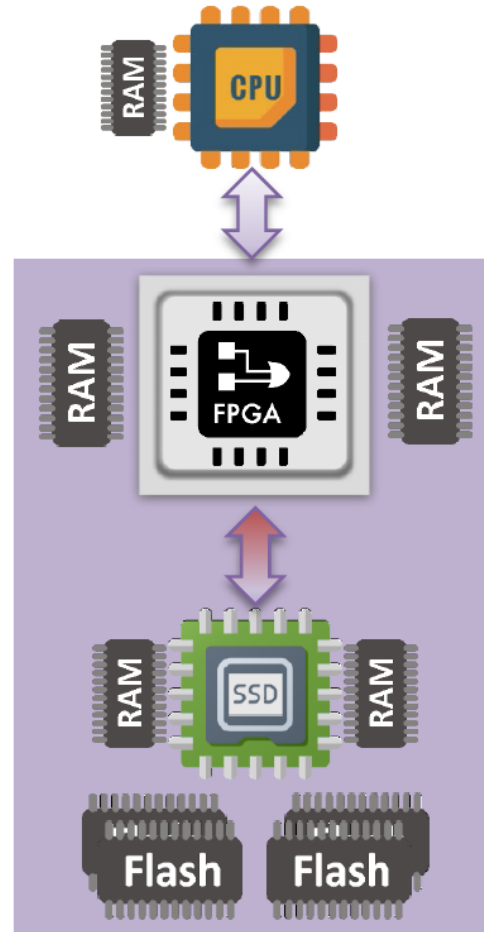
Computational Storage

SNIA: Computational Storage Instances

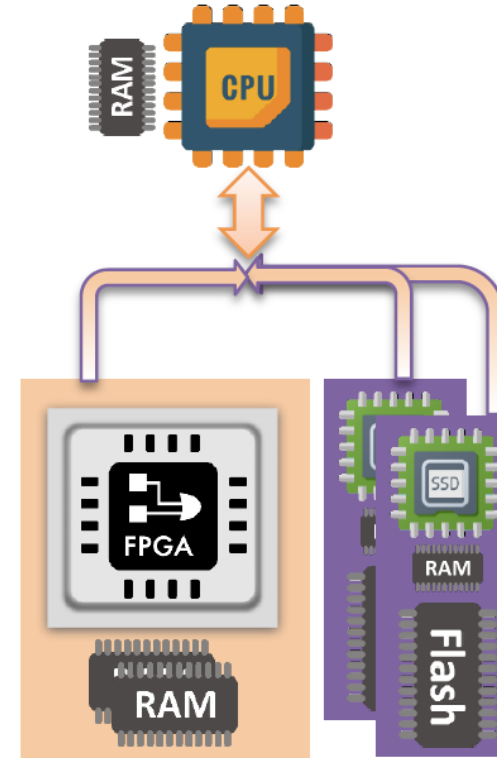
FPGA to Multi-SSDs



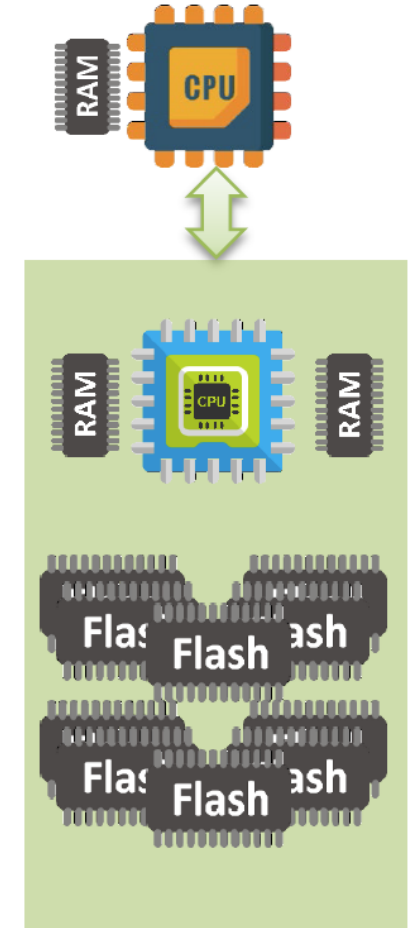
FPGA+SSD Controller



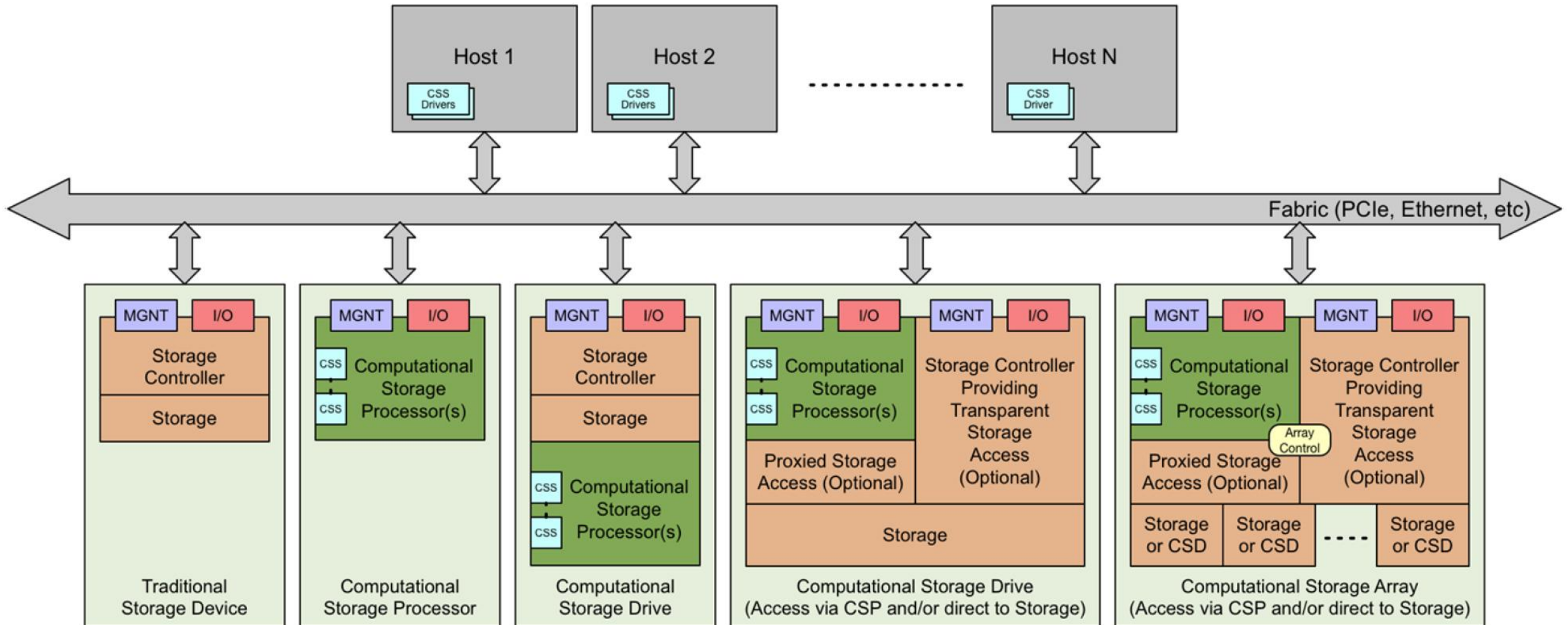
FPGA Only



ASIC

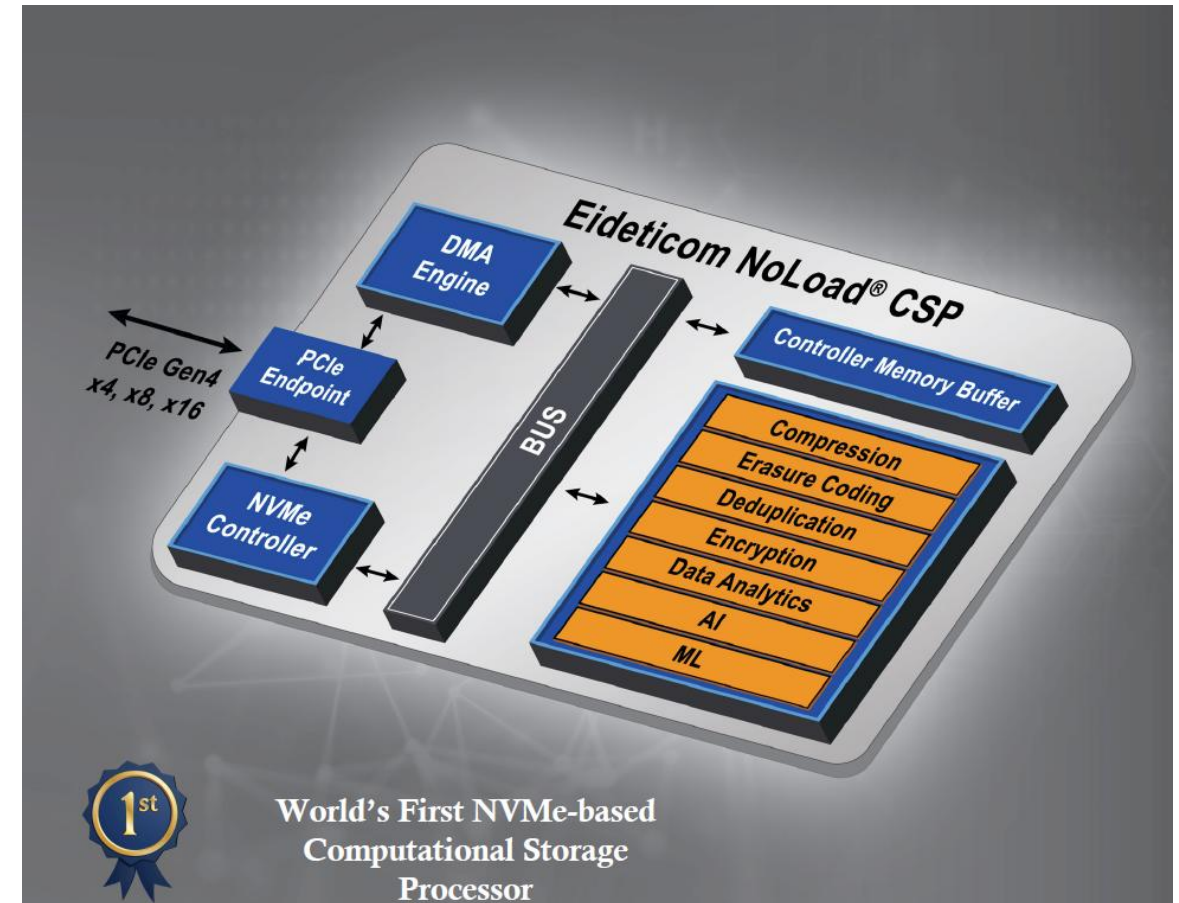


SNIA: Computational Storage Devices (CSx)

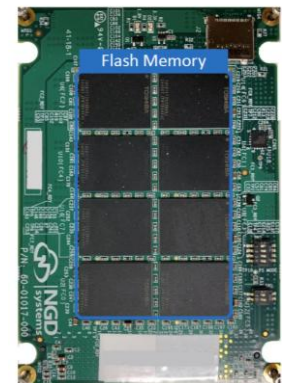
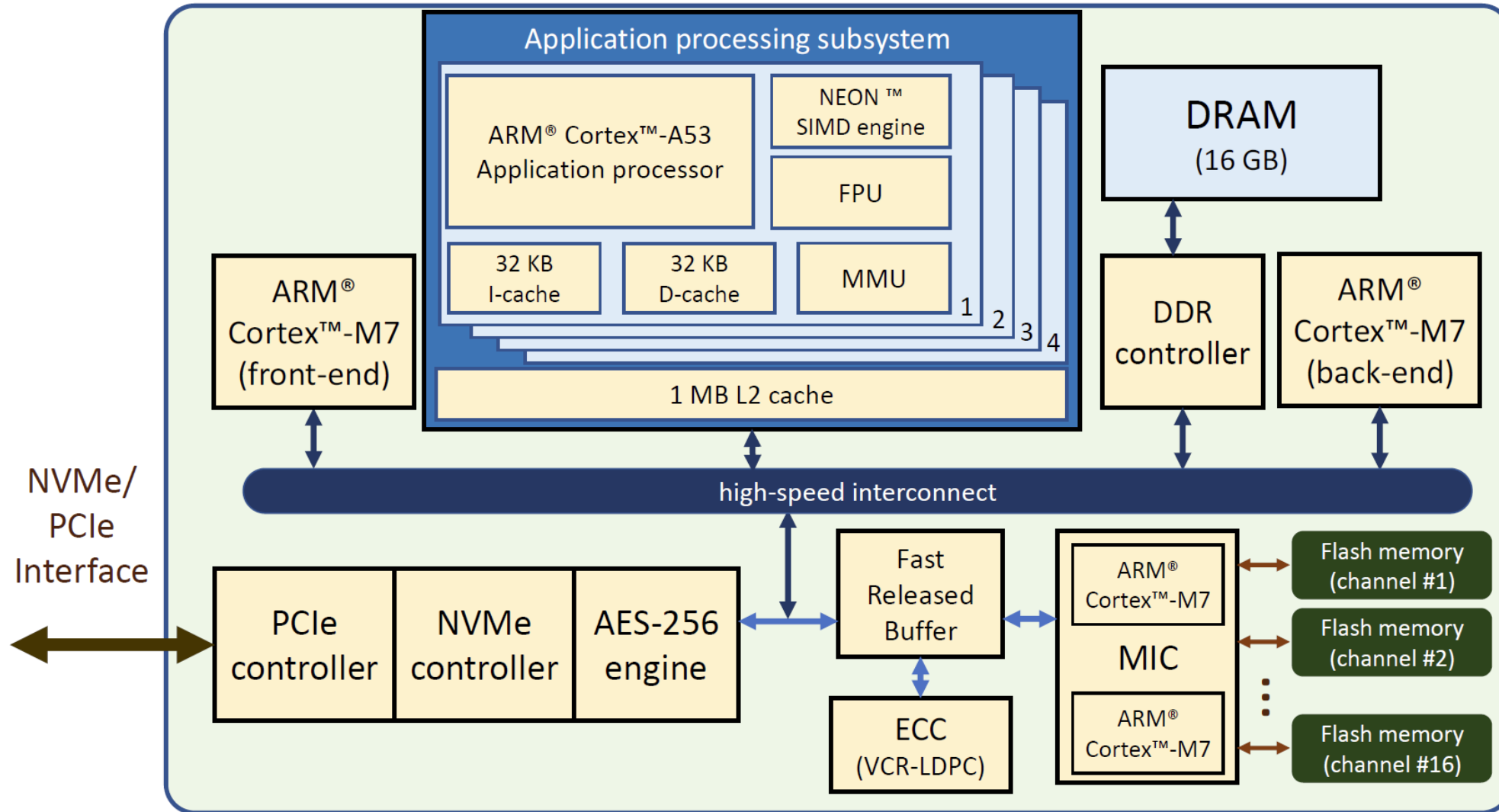


Eideticom NoLoad CSP

- NVMe computational accelerators
 - Compression
 - Encryption
 - Erasure coding
 - Deduplication
 - Data analytics
 - AI and ML

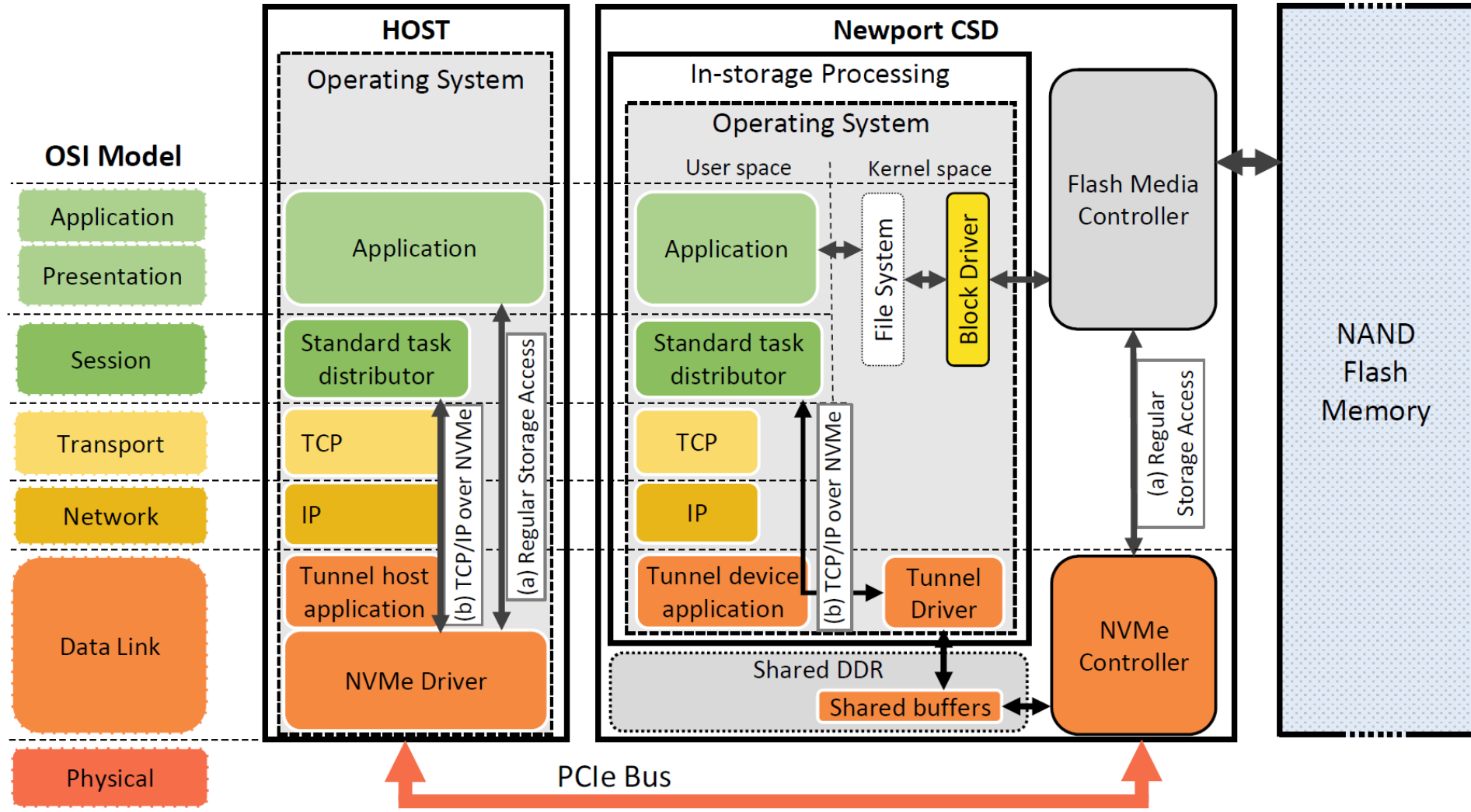


NGD Newport SSD



Source: J. Do et al., "Cost-effective, Energy-efficient, and Scalable Storage Computing for Large-scale AI Applications, ACM ToS, 2020.

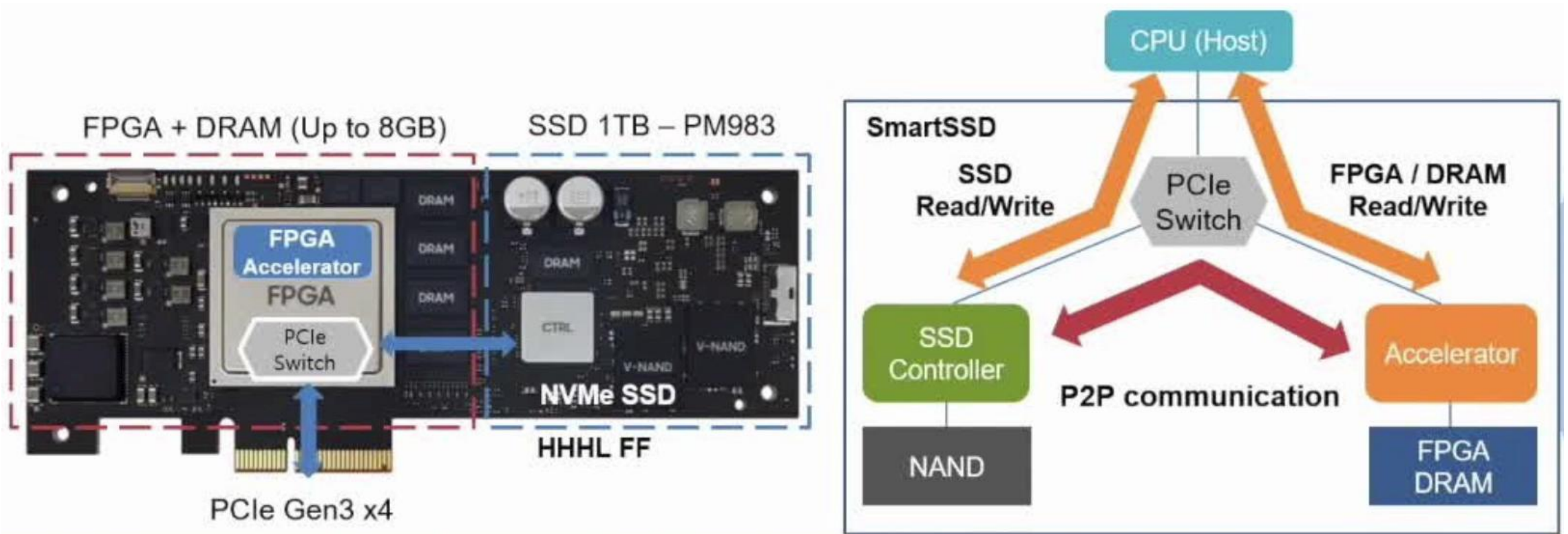
NGD Newport SSD: Software Stack



Source: J. Do et al., "Cost-effective, Energy-efficient, and Scalable Storage Computing for Large-scale AI Applications, ACM ToS, 2020.

Samsung SmartSSD 1.0

- PM983F
- Xilinx FPGA



NVMe TP409 I

■ NVMe Computational Storage Architecture

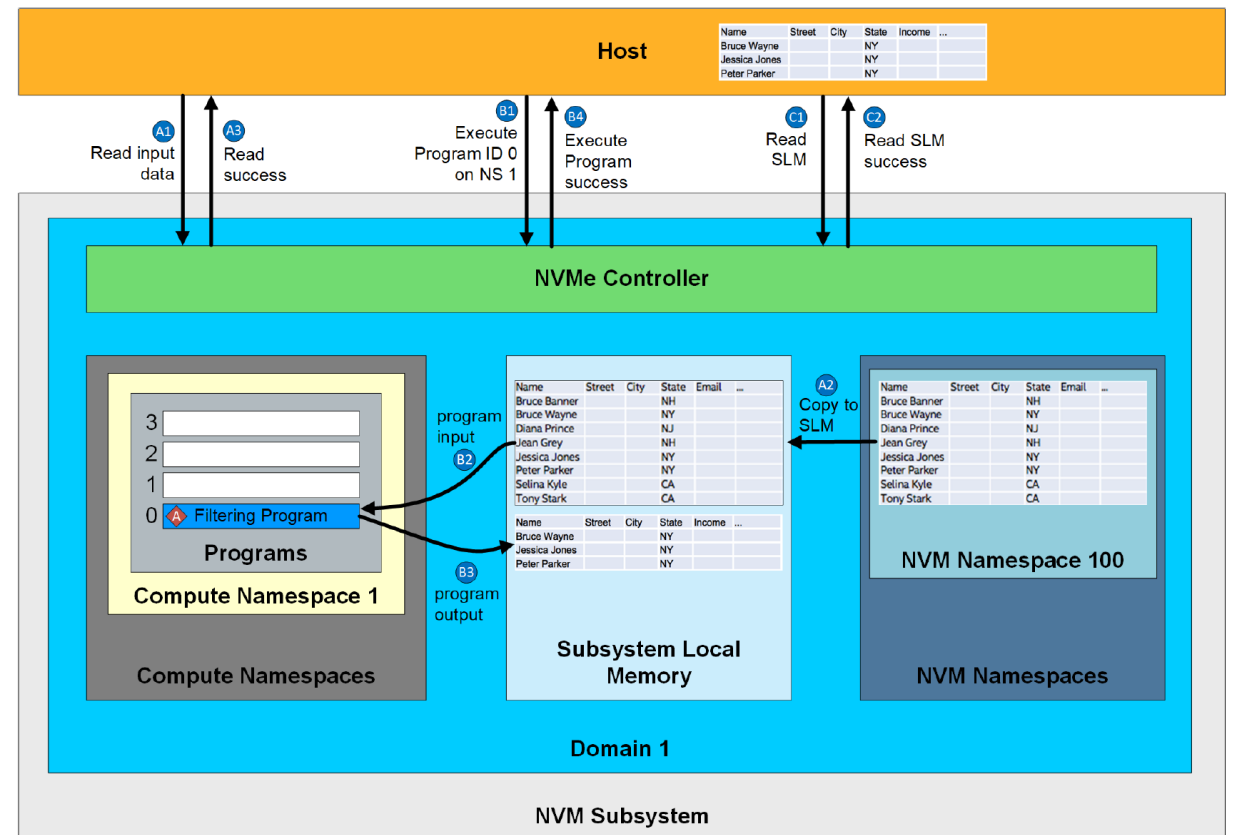
- Compute Namespaces
- Subsystem Local Memory (SLM)
- NVM Namespaces

■ Commands

- Load program
- Execute program
- Activate program, ...

■ Programs operate on SLM

- Fixed function programs
- Downloadable eBPF programs



Towards Storage Intelligence

