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Systems Software &
Architecture Lab.

Seoul National University

Fall 2022

4190.308: Computer Architecture

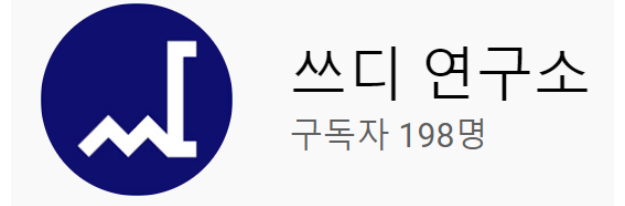


Course Information

- **Schedule**
 - 15:30 – 16:45 (Tuesday & Thursday)
 - Lecture room: Engineering Bldg. #302-105
 - 3 credits
 - Official language: English
- **TAs: Seongyeop Jeong (Head), Jaehoon Shim, Ilkueon Kang, Wookje Han, Jinsol Park (snucsl.ta@gmail.com)**
- **SNU (New) eTL system for exam/project scores**
- **<http://csl.snu.ac.kr/courses/4190.308/2022-2/> for announcements and lecture slides**
- **<http://sys.snu.ac.kr> for project submissions and automatic grading**

About Me

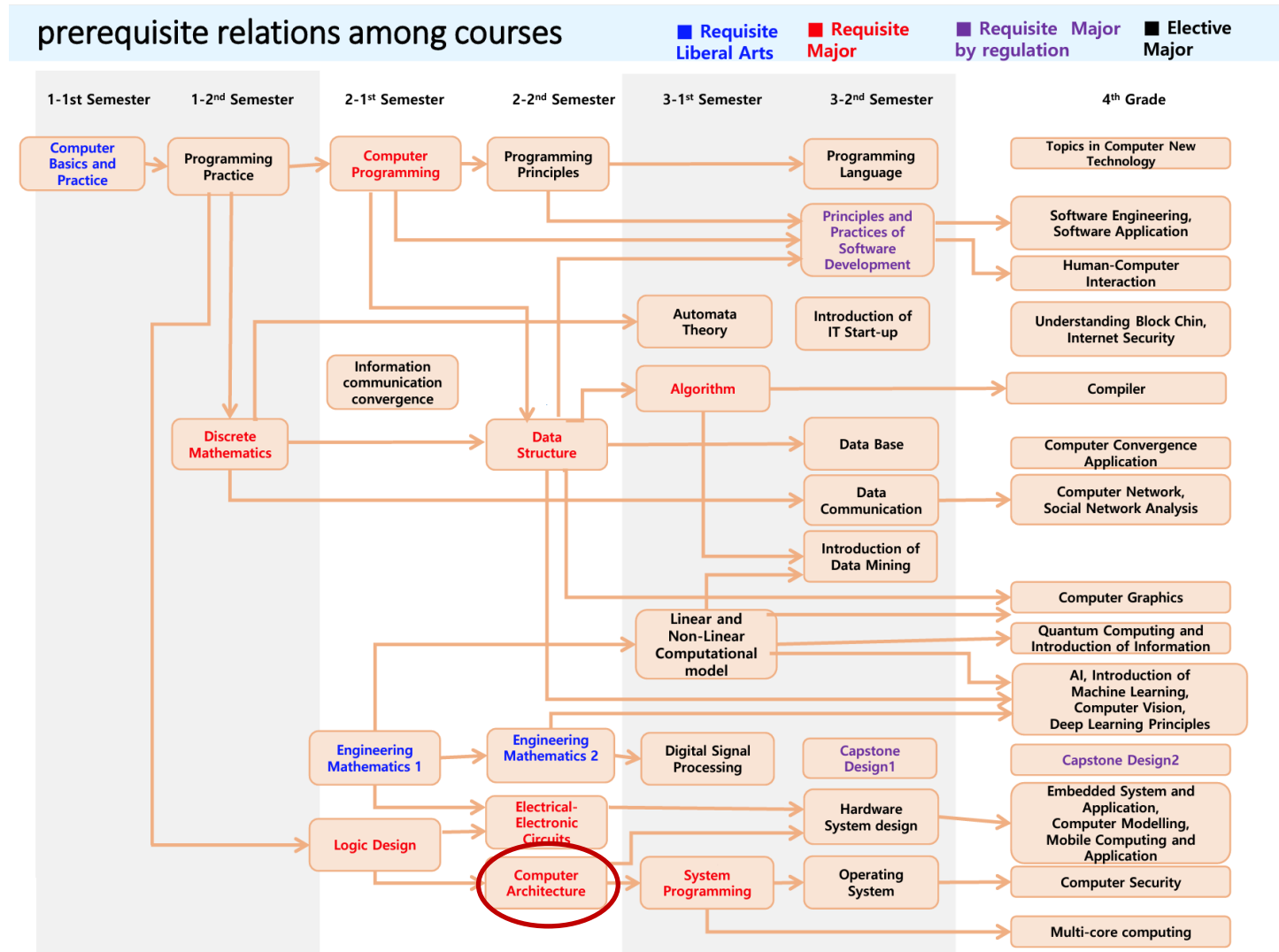
- Jin-Soo Kim (김진수)
 - Professor @ CSE Dept.
 - Systems Software & Architecture Laboratory
 - Operating systems, storage systems, parallel and distributed computing, embedded systems, ...
- E-mail: jinsoo.kim@snu.ac.kr
- Tel: 02-880-7302
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- The best way to contact me is by email



Myths About This Course

- **It's an introductory course**
 - Introduction to Computers? NO!
 - Past records show that about 20% of students have dropped every semester
- **It's all about hardware**
 - NO! It's about how to separate work between software and hardware, and about how to design the interface between them
- **It's not relevant for software engineers**
 - NO! Writing good software requires understanding details of underlying implementation
- **Who needs to know the assembly language these days?**
 - Well, you'll see...

Where Are We?

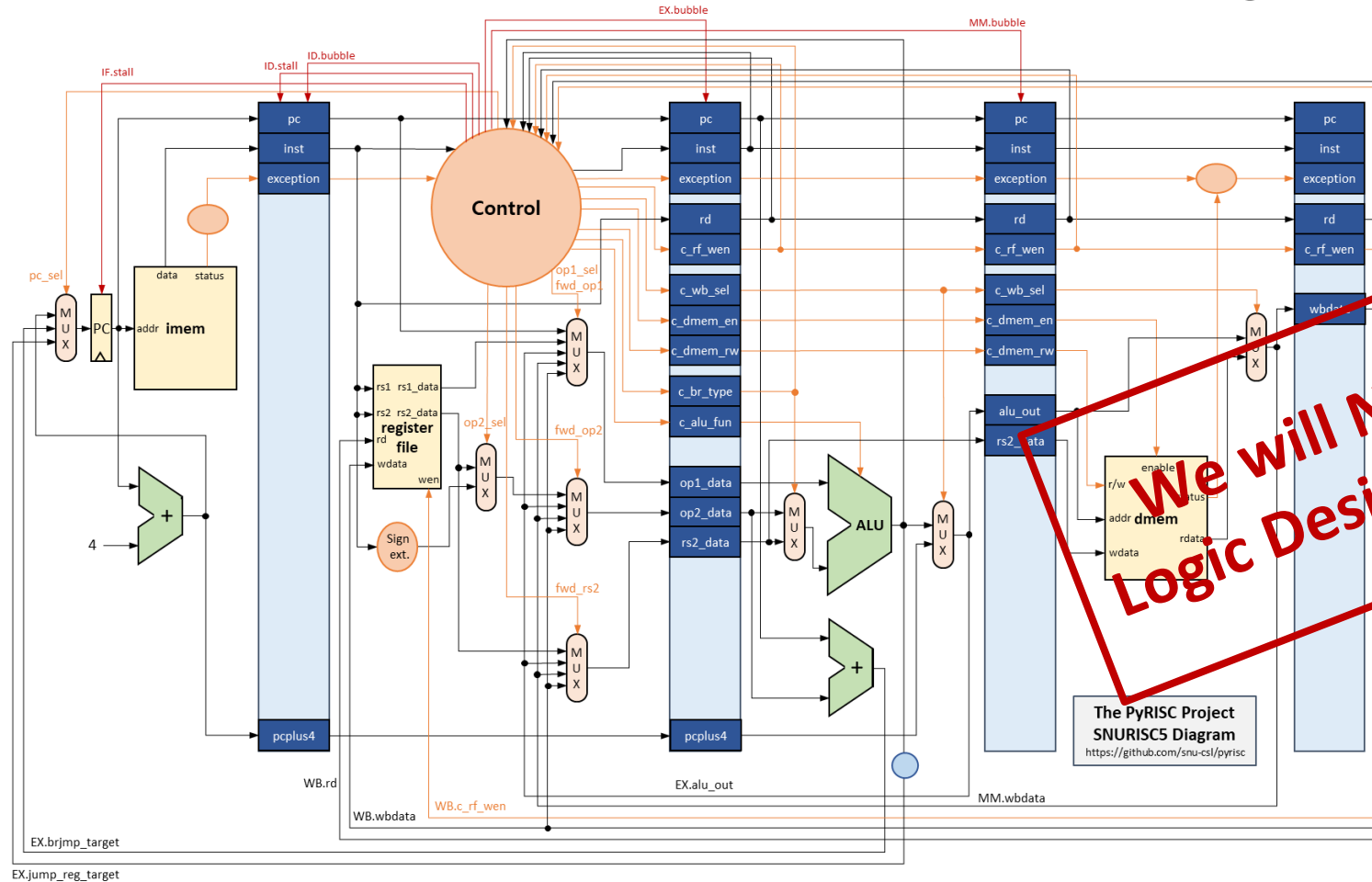


Prerequisites

- Prerequisites
 - Programming Practice (4190.103A) – C programming
 - **Logic Design (MI522.000700) – Must!**
- You should be familiar with the followings:
 - Shells and basic Linux commands
 - **C** and **Python** programming skills
 - Basic knowledge on digital circuits and systems
- Accessible Linux (Ubuntu 20.04 LTS or later) or MacOS machine

Check Yourself: Logic Design

- You should be able to understand how the following circuit works



**We will NOT cover
Logic Design materials**

Check Yourself: C & Linux

- Bit manipulations
- Pointers
- Linux development tools
 - vim, make, gcc, gdb, git, ...

```
int f(int x) {  
    return (x >> 8) & 0x1f;  
}
```

```
int g(float x) {  
    return *((int *) &x);  
}
```

```
$ make  
$ gcc -O2 -g -o ca ca.c
```

**We will NOT cover
C & Linux**

Check Yourself: Python

- We are using a CPU simulator (called pyrisc) written in Python
 - Why? Because it is a lot easier than Verilog...
 - If you haven't heard of Verilog, then think again...
 - Pyrisc is available at <https://github.com/snu-csl/pyrisc>
- You need to change the internals of the simulator in one or two project assignments
 - Lists?
 - Dictionaries?
 - Tuples?

**We will NOT teach
you Python**

```
def gen(self, inst):
    from datapath import Pipe, EX, MM, WB

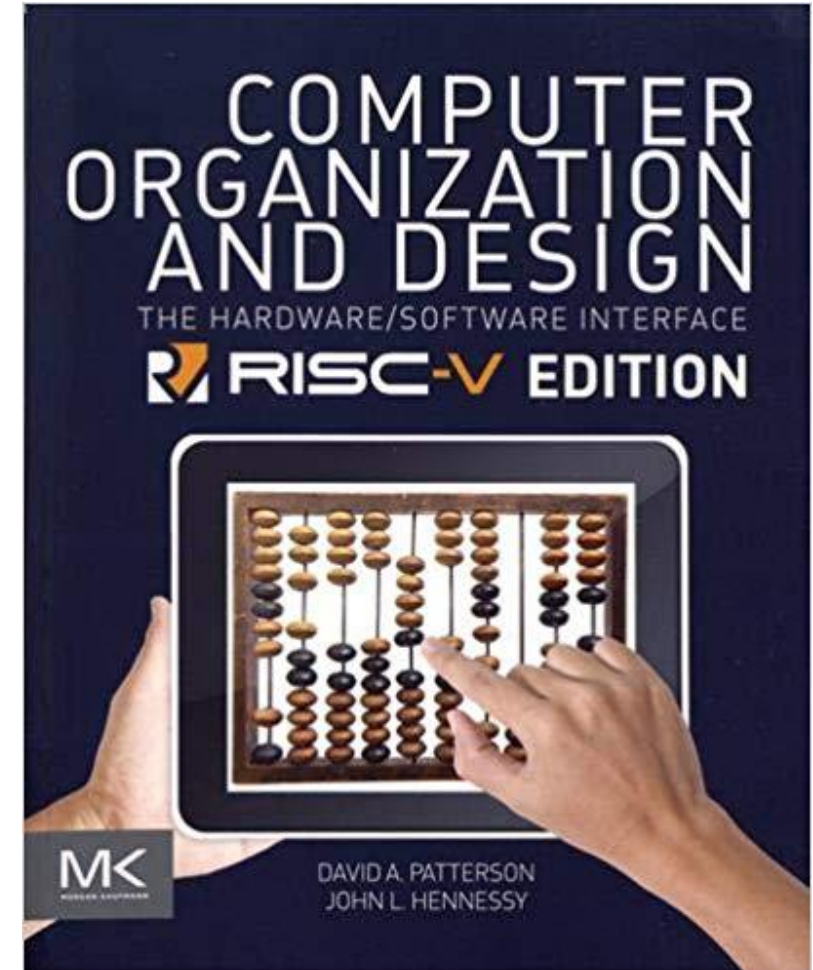
    opcode = RISC.V.opcode(inst)
    if opcode in [ EBREAK, ECALL ]:
        Pipe.ID.exception |= EXC_EBREAK
    elif opcode == ILLEGAL:
        Pipe.ID.exception |= EXC_ILLEGAL_INST
        inst = BUBBLE
        opcode = RISC.V.opcode(inst)
```

A Gentle Reminder

- If you feel that you are not ready yet, then take this course later. Again, remember this is **NOT** an introductory course!
- **NOTE:** For those who have not taken the “Logic Design” course (including those who plan to take it this semester concurrently), **the course drop request will not be approved.**
- It's CSE department's policy that **all major/minor students can take the required course whenever you want!**
- So, there is no need to rush

Textbook

- Computer Organization and Design:
The Hardware/Software Interface
(**RISC-V Edition**)
 - David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy
(Turing Award Recipients in 2017)
 - **Second** Edition
 - Morgan Kaufmann, 2017
 - <http://booksite.elsevier.com/9780128122754/>
 - Note: There are also MIPS and ARM editions



Topics

- Introduction to Computer Architecture
- Integers
- Floating Points
- RISC-V Instruction Set Architecture
- Sequential Architecture
- Pipelined Architecture
- Cache
- Virtual memory
- I/O

Project Topics (subject to change)

- C programming
- RISC-V assembly programming
- Designing pipelined processor
- Optimizing RISC-V assembly programs for pipelined processor
- Cache simulation

Grading Policy (subject to change)

- Exams: 60%
 - Midterm: 25%
 - Final: 35%
- Projects: 40%
- University policy requires students to attend at least 2/3 of the scheduled classes. Otherwise, you'll fail this course.
- We are using the electronic attendance system
- Also, if you miss one of the exams, you'll fail this course

Cheating Policy

- **What is cheating?**
 - Copying another student's solution (or one from the Internet) and submitting it as your own
 - Allowing another student to copy your solution (e.g., posting the solution in Github)
- **What is NOT cheating?**
 - Helping others use systems or tools
 - Helping others with high-level design issues
 - Helping others debug their code
- **Penalty for cheating**
 - Severe penalty on the grade (F) and report to the dept. committee
 - Ask helps to your TA or instructor if you experience any difficulty!

What and Why?

Example #1: Int's \neq Integers, Float's \neq Reals

■ Is $x^2 \geq 0$?

- Float's: ??
- Int's: ??

```
int x = 50000;  
printf ("%s\n", (x*x >= 0)? "Yes" : "No");
```

■ Is $(x + y) + z == x + (y + z)$?

- Unsigned & Signed Int's: ??
- Float's: ??

```
float x = 1e20, y = -1e20, z = 3.14;  
printf ("%s\n", (x+y)+z==x+(y+z)? "Yes" : "No");
```

Example #2: More Than Just GHz

Take on more...
with more pe...

Blazing-fast clock speeds and
core architecture allow you to
stream and record without sa...

Up to
4.9 GHz Max Clo...

12 Cores

8 Performance-cores
4 Efficient-cores

CPU	Clock Speed	SPECint2000	SPECfp2000
Athlon 64 FX-55	2.6GHz	1854	1782
Pentium 4 Extreme Edition	3.46GHz	1772	1724
Pentium 4 Prescott	3.8GHz	1671	1842
Opteron 150	2.4GHz	1655	1644
Itanium 2 9MB	1.6GHz	1590	2712
Pentium M 755	2.0GHz	1541	1088
POWER5	1.9GHz	1452	2702
SPARC64 V	1.89GHz	1345	1803
Athlon 64 3200+	2.2GHz	1080	1250
Alpha 21264C	1.25GHz	928	1019

Higher is better

Example #3: Constant Factors Matter

- There's more to performance than asymptotic complexity
- Array copy example

```
void copyij(int src[2048][2048],
            int dst[2048][2048])
{
    int i, j;
    for (i = 0; i < 2048; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < 2048; j++)
            dst[i][j] = src[i][j];
}
```

4.3 ms

```
void copyji(int src[2048][2048],
            int dst[2048][2048])
{
    int i, j;
    for (j = 0; j < 2048; j++)
        for (i = 0; i < 2048; i++)
            dst[i][j] = src[i][j];
}
```

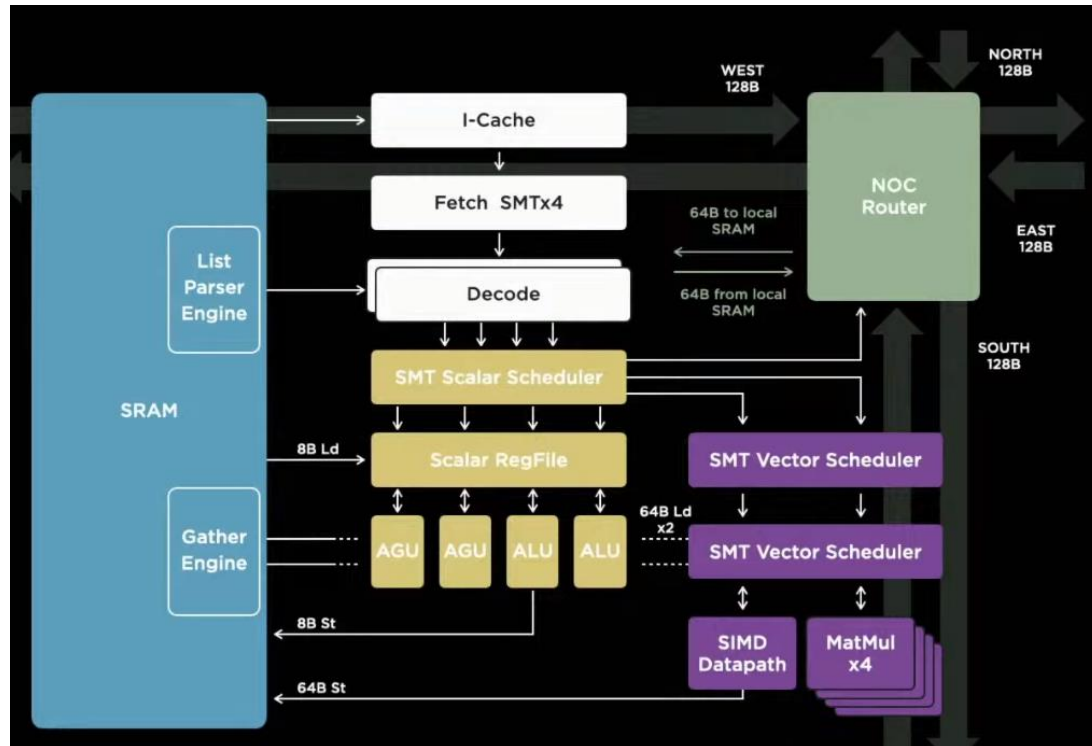
81.8 ms

copyji() is 20x slower on 2.0GHz Intel Core i7 Haswell. Why?

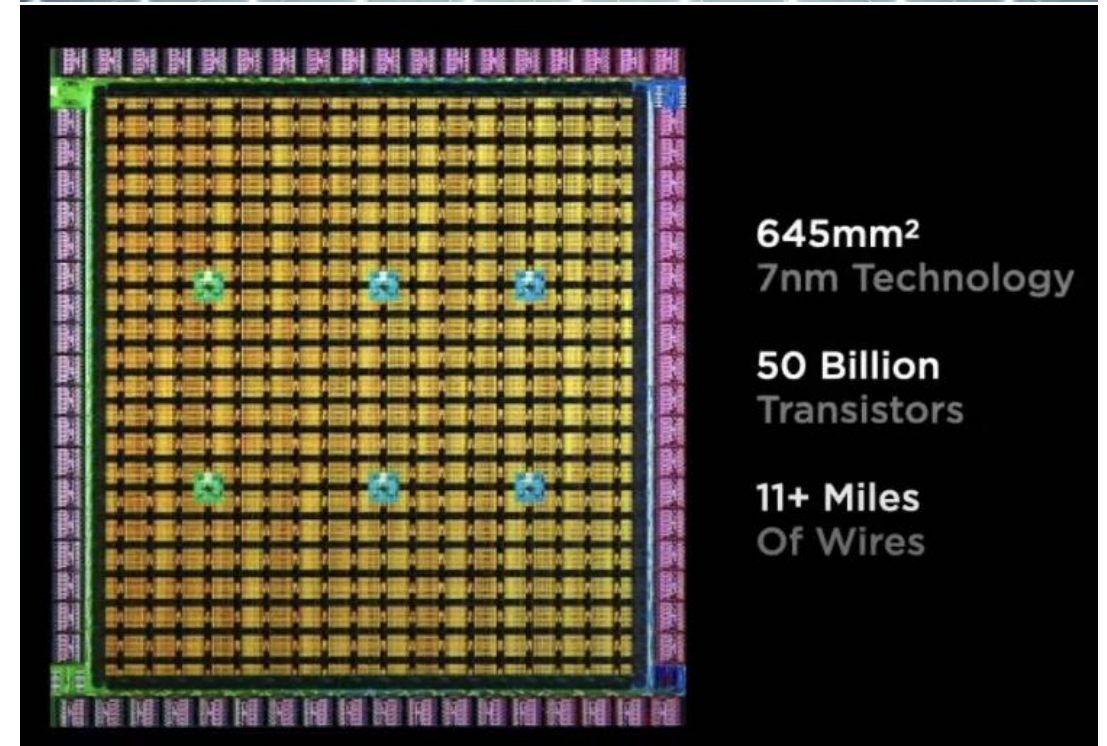
What You Will Learn

- How to represent data
- The hardware/software interface – Instruction Set Architecture (ISA)
- How programs are translated into the machine language
 - And how the hardware executes them
- What determines program performance
- How hardware designers / software developers improve performance
- What is parallel processing

Tesla AI Chip (2021)



Training Node (1 TFLOPS – BF16)



D1 Chip (354 nodes)

Why Take This Course?

- To graduate!
- To design the next great instruction set? Well...
 - ISA has largely converged, especially in desktop / server / laptop / mobile space
 - Dictated by powerful market forces (Intel/ARM and RISC-V?)
- To get a job in Intel, NVIDIA, ARM, Apple, Qualcomm, Google, Tesla, ...
 - Still tremendous innovations!
- Design, analysis, and implementation concepts that you'll learn are vital to all aspects of computer science and engineering
- This course will equip you with an intellectual toolbox for dealing with a host of systems design challenges
- And finally, just for fun!

Summary

- Modern Computer Architecture is about managing and optimizing across several levels of abstraction w.r.t. dramatically changing technology and application load
- This course focuses on
 - RISC-V Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) – A new open interface
 - An implementation based on Pipelining (Microarchitecture) – how to make it faster?
 - Memory hierarchy – How to make trade-offs between performance and cost?
- Understanding Computer Architecture is vital to other “systems” courses:
 - System programming, Operating systems, Compilers, Embedded systems, Computer networks, Multicore computing, Distributed systems, Mobile computing, Security, Machine learning, Quantum computing, etc.